Catechesis for Pentecost

June 4, 2025

## Lutheran Confessions

54] Likewise also the disputation concerning the indwelling in us of the essential righteousness of God must be correctly explained. For although in the elect, who are justified by Christ and reconciled with God,

God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, who is the eternal and essential righteousness, dwells by faith (for all Christians are temples of God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, who also impels them to do right), yet this indwelling of God is not the righteousness of faith of which St. Paul treats and which he calls *iustitiam Dei*, that is, the righteousness of God, for the sake of which we are declared righteous before God; but <u>it follows the preceding righteousness of faith</u>, which is nothing else than the forgiveness of sins and the gracious adoption of the poor sinner, for the sake of Christ's obedience and merit alone.

55] ...it must be carefully considered in what respect Christ is called our Righteousness in this affair of justification, namely, that our righteousness rests not upon one or the other nature, but upon the entire person of Christ, who as God and man is our Righteousness in His only, entire, and complete obedience.

**56]** For even though Christ had been conceived and born without sin by the Holy Ghost, and had fulfilled all righteousness in His human nature alone, and yet had not been true and eternal God, this obedience and suffering of His human nature could not be imputed to us for righteousness. As also, if the Son of God had not become man, the divine nature alone could not be our righteousness. Therefore we believe, teach, and confess that the entire obedience of the entire person of Christ, which He has rendered the Father for us even to His most ignominious death upon the cross, is imputed to us for righteousness. For the human nature alone, without the divine, could neither by obedience nor suffering render satisfaction to eternal almighty God for the sins of all the world; however, the divinity alone, without the humanity, could not mediate between God and us.

58] Thus neither the divine nor the human nature of Christ by itself is imputed to us for righteousness, but only the obedience of the person who is at the same time God and man. And faith thus regards the person of Christ as it was made under the Law for us, bore our sins, and in His going to the Father offered to His heavenly Father for us poor sinners His entire, complete obedience, from His holy birth even unto death, and has thereby covered all our disobedience which inheres in our nature, and its thoughts, words, and works, so that it is not imputed to us for condemnation, but is pardoned and forgiven out of pure grace, alone for Christ's sake.

59] Therefore we unanimously reject and condemn, ... 60] When it is taught...65] 6. That not God dwells in the believers, but only the gifts of God. (The Formula of Concord, Solid Declaration, III)

## **Put it into Practice**

These questions have been put together to help you as you extend and apply tonight's Scripture to your life.

#### **Prayer**

O God our merciful Father, who taught the hearts of Your faithful people by sending to them the light of Your Holy Spirit, bring us by the same Spirit to have a right judgment in all things and evermore to rejoice in His holy comfort; through Jesus Christ, Your Son, our Lord, who with You and the Holy Spirit lives and reigns, one God, now and forever. **Amen.** (Collect for Pentecost)

Word of God: St. John 14:23-31 (on back)

## **Questions to Ponder in Prayer**

- 1. Judas is confused. If Jesus is the world's Savior, "Why doesn't Jesus show himself to the world?" It is not that Jesus doesn't wish to show himself to them (so that they believe in him), but the world refuses the means by which Jesus comes to them. What is that means?
- 2. In verse 23a, what is the description of the believer?
- 3. What two parts of the believer are described in verse 23a?
- 4. Can there be "a holding to Jesus' words" without "love of Jesus" or vice versa?
- 5. What three things does a living faith receive(v. 23b)?
  - A. "My Father will love him..." –By what action? (Jn 14:1f-18:26)
  - B. "...and we will come to him..." When? By what means? (Jn 14:18)
  - C. "...and make our home with him." This mystical union describes the special manner in which God, and not just His gifts, is united with His Church, the believers(2 Cor 6:16, 19, Eph 1:23, 2 Peter 1:4).
- 6. In verse 24a, what is the description of the unbeliever?
- 7. In verse 24b, what two things does Jesus inseparably connect?
- 8. When Jesus spoke to them, the Apostles often didn't get it, so what two-fold assurance do we have of their teaching concerning the faith and their memory of Jesus' teaching recorded years later?
- 9. The name of the person, Holy Spirit, is given what title? Why?
- 10. In verse 27, Jesus' peace is objective and not subjective. He can "leave" it and "give" it. Explain.
- 11. The news of Jesus' departure(Jn 13:31f—that is, his death) was troubling the Apostles(v. 27b). He comforts them by saying, "...the Father is greater than I" (v.28b). How does that give them comfort?
- 12. What would "going to the Father" accomplish(Eph 1:23, 4:10-12)?
- 13. In what sense is the "Father greater than Jesus" and yet, "Jesus and the Father are one" (Jn 10:30)? What comfort does Jesus give them in verse 28b?
- 14. Why is Satan called "the prince of this world?" Why does he have no power over Jesus? If Jesus could resist, why doesn't He? (v.31, Mk 14:49, Jn 10:18)
- 15. What is the description of Jesus in verse 31? What action teaches the world that Jesus loves the Father? Where is that action recorded?

### 6:30 PM "Learn by Heart"

Through simple repetition those present will inwardly digest...

Hymn "Christ, Thou Art the Sure Foundation" ASBH #93

Table of Duties: To Parents: Eph 6:4, To Children: Eph 6:1-3, and Ephesians 4:10-12 John 14:23

### 7:00 PM "Catechesis"

+ Opening Verses

"O Lord, open my lips..." p.224

+ Ascription of Praise

"Praise to you, O Christ. Alleluia."

p.225

(back)

p.284

Reading

St. John 14:23-31 (back) Easter Responsory p. 227-228

<u>Hymn</u>

"Christ, Thou Art the Sure Foundation" (Augustana Service #93, insert)

### Catechesis on...

St. John 14:23-31

Liturgy

Catechism

--prayer based on reading

+ Lord's Prayer (sung)

+ Responsive Prayer 2 p. 273-275

(skip Lord's Prayer) Apostles' Creed

Psalm verses

Collect of the Day

--prayer based on reading

Evening Prayer Benedicamus

Benediction

## Catechesis on St. John 14:23-31

<sup>22</sup> Judas (not Iscariot) said to Him, "Lord, how is it that You will manifest Yourself to us, and not to the world?"

<sup>23</sup> Jesus answered and said to him, "If anyone loves Me, he will keep My word; and My Father will love him, and We will come to him and make Our home with him. <sup>24</sup> "He who does not love Me does not keep My words; and the word which you hear is not Mine but the Father's who sent Me.

<sup>25</sup> "These things I have spoken to you while being present with you. <sup>26</sup> "But the Helper, the Holy Spirit, whom the Father will send in My name, He will teach you all things, and bring to your remembrance all things that I said to vou. <sup>27</sup> "Peace I leave with you, My peace I give to you; not as the world gives do I give to you. Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid. <sup>28</sup> "You have heard Me say to you, 'I am going away and coming back to you.' If you loved Me, you would rejoice because I said, 'I am going to the Father,' for My Father is greater than I. <sup>29</sup> "And now I have told you before it comes, that when it does come to pass, you may believe. <sup>30</sup> "I will no longer talk much with you, for the ruler of this world is coming, and he has nothing in Me. <sup>31</sup> "But that the world may know that I love the Father, and as the Father gave Me commandment, so I do. Arise, let us go from here. (NKJV)

## **Lack of Love for God**

"But if human nature have such strength as to be able of itself to love God above all things as the scholastics confidently affirm, what will *original sin* be? For what will there be need of the grace of Christ if we can be justified by our own righteousness [powers]? For what will there be need of the Holy Ghost if human strength can by itself 11] love God above all things, and fulfill God's commandments?" (Ap II 10-11).

## Of Love and the Fulfilling of the Law.

Here the adversaries urge against us: If thou wilt enter into life, keep the commandments, Matt. 19, 17; likewise: The doers of the Law shall be justified, Rom. 2, 13, and many other like things concerning the Law and works. Before we reply to this,

we must first declare what we believe concerning love and the fulfilling of the Law.

2] It is written in the prophet, Jer. 31, 33: I will put My Law in their inward parts, and write it in their hearts. And in Rom. 3, 31, Paul says: Do we, then, make void the Law through faith? God forbid! Yea, we establish the Law. And Christ says, Matt. 19, 17: If thou wilt enter into life, keep the commandments. Likewise, 1 Cor. 13, 3: If I have not charity, it profiteth me nothing. 3] These and similar sentences testify that the Law ought to be begun in us, and be kept by us more and more [that we are to keep the Law when we have been justified by faith, and thus increase more and more in the Spirit]. Moreover, we speak not of ceremonies, but of that Law which gives commandment concerning the movements of the heart, namely, the Decalog. 4] Because, indeed, faith brings the Holy Ghost, and produces in hearts a new life, it is necessary that it should produce spiritual movements in hearts. And what these movements are, the prophet, Jer. 31, 33 shows, when he says: I will put My Law into their inward parts, and write it in their hearts. Therefore, when we have been justified by faith and regenerated, we begin to fear and love God, to pray to Him, to expect from Him aid, to give thanks and praise Him, and to obey Him in afflictions. We begin also to love our neighbors, because our hearts have spiritual and holy movements [there is now, through the Spirit of Christ a new heart, mind, and spirit within].

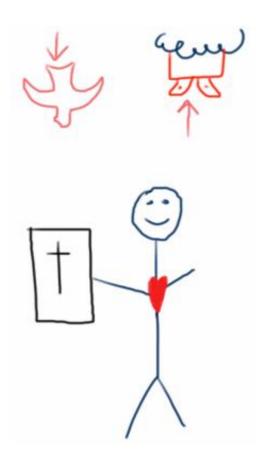
5] These things cannot occur until we have been justified by faith, and, regenerated, we receive the Holy Ghost: first, because the Law cannot 6] be kept without [the knowledge of] Christ; and likewise the Law cannot be kept without the Holy Ghost. But **the Holy Ghost is received by faith**, according to the declaration of Paul, Gal. 3, 14: That we might receive the promise of the Spirit through faith. (Ap IV III 1-6)

## **Love of God = Keeping the Word**

"The Christian Church consists not alone in fellowship of outward signs, but it consists especially in inward communion of eternal blessings in the heart, as of the Holy Ghost, of faith, of the fear and love of God]; which fellowship nevertheless has outward marks so that it can be recognized, namely, the pure doctrine of the Gospel, and the administration of the Sacraments in accordance with the Gospel of Christ.

[Namely, where God's Word is pure, and the Sacraments are administered in conformity with the same, there certainly is the Church, and there are Christians" (Ap VII and VIII 5).

### Catechesis on St. John 14:23-31



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